## What is claimed is:

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1. Inkjet receptive media, comprising; a substrate defining a plurality of pores; a coating overlaying at least a portion of the substrate; and the coating comprising a plurality of organic particles.

2. The inkjet receptive media of claim 1, wherein the coating further includes a plurality of inorganic particles.

3. The inkjet receptive media of claim 2, wherein the ratio of organic particles to inorganic particles is between about 5:95 and about 90:10.

- 4. The inkjet receptive media of claim 2, wherein the ratio of organic particles to inorganic particles is between about 50:50 and about 20:80.
- 5. The inkjet receptive media of claim 2, wherein the ratio of organic particles to inorganic particles is between about 40:60 and about 25:75.
- 6. The inkjet receptive media of claim 1 wherein the substrate comprises a plurality of fibers.
- 7. The inkjet receptive media of claim 6, wherein the fibers are randomly intertangled.
  - 8. The inkjet receptive media of claim 6, wherein the fibers are spunbonded.
  - 9. The inkjet receptive media of claim 6, wherein the fibers are spunlaced.
- 10 The inkjet receptive media of claim 6, wherein the fibers comprise a thermoplastic.



- 11. The inkjet receptive media of claim 6, wherein the fibers comprise a polyolefin.
- 12. The inkjet receptive media of claim 6, wherein the fibers comprise polypropylene.
  - 13. The inkjet receptive media of claim 6, wherein the fibers comprise polyester.
  - 14. The inkjer receptive media of claim 6, wherein the fibers comprise polyamide.
- 55. The inkjet receptive media of claim 1, wherein the organic particles of the coating have a mean diameter of between about 0.10 micrometer and about 500.0 micrometers.
  - 16. The inkjet receptive media of claim 1, wherein the organic particles of the coating have a mean diameter of between about 0.5 micrometer and about 200.0 micrometers.
  - 17. The inkjet receptive media of claim 1, wherein the organic particles of the coating have a mean diameter of between about 1.0 micrometer and about 100.0 micrometers.
  - 18. The inkjet receptive media of claim 1, wherein the substrate includes a plurality of pores having a mean diameter greater than about 5 nanometers.
- 500 9. The inkjet receptive media of claim 1, further including an image disposed proximate the coating.
  - 20 The inkjet receptive media of claim 1, further including an image comprising an ink disposed proximate the coating.

- The inkjet receptive media of claim 1, further including an image comprising an aqueous ink disposed proximate the coating.
  - 22. The inkjet receptive media of claim 2, wherein the inorganic particles comprise silicon oxide.
  - 23. The inkjet receptive media of claim 2, wherein the inorganic particles comprise aluminum oxide.
  - 24. The inkjet receptive media of claim 1, wherein the organic particles comprise crosslinked poly(N-vinylpyrrolidone).
- 25. The inkjet receptive media of claim 1, wherein the organic particles comprise acrosslinked poly(N-vinylimidazole).
- 26. The inkjet receptive media of claim 1, wherein the organic particles comprise poly(N- vinyllactams).
- 27. The inkjet receptive media of claim 1, wherein the organic particles comprise poly(N=vinylcaprolactam).
- 28. The inkjet receptive media of claim 1, wherein the organic particles have an ink absorbing capacity.
  - 29. The inkjet receptive media of claim 1, wherein the organic particles have a water absorbing capacity of between 40 ml/g and 0, ml/g.
  - 30. The inkjet receptive media of claim 1, wherein the organic particles have a water absorbing capacity of between 20 ml/g and 0/2 ml/g.
  - 31. The inkjet receptive media of claim 1/wherein the organic particles have a water absorbing capacity of between 10 ml/g and 0.5 ml/g.

- 32. The inkjet receptive media of claim 1, wherein the coating has a weight of between about 1 g/m<sup>2</sup> and about 300 g/m<sup>2</sup>.
  - The inkjet receptive media of claim 1, wherein the coating has a weight of between about 3 g/m<sup>2</sup> and about 200 g/m<sup>2</sup>.
  - 34. The inkjet receptive media of claim 1, wherein the coating has a weight of between about 5 g/m<sup>2</sup> and about 100 g/m<sup>2</sup>.
  - 35. The inkjet receptive media of claim 1, further including an adhesive layer overlaying a major surface of the substrate.
  - 36. The inkjet receptive media of claim 1, wherein the substrate includes a perforation.
    - 37. The inkjet receptive media of claim 1, wherein the coating includes a binder.
  - 38. The inkjet receptive media of claim 37, wherein the coating comprises less than about 80% binder by weight.
  - 39. The inkjet receptive media of claim 37, wherein the coating comprises less than about 60% binder by weight.
  - 40. The inkjet receptive media of claim 37, wherein the coating comprises less than about 40% binder by weight.
  - 5057 11. The inkjet receptive media of claim 37, wherein the binder comprises a polyvinyl alcohol.
    - 42. The inkjet receptive media of claim 37, wherein the binder comprises an acrylic polymer.



The inkjet receptive media of claim 37, wherein the binder comprises an ethylene-vinyl acetate copolymer.

The inkjet receptive media of claim 1, further including a protective laminate layer adhered to a major surface of the substrate.

The inkjet receptor media of claim 1, wherein the organic particles comprise poly(vinylpyridine).

46. The inkjet receptive media of claim 19, further including a protective laminate layer overlaying the image and adhered to a major surface of the substrate.

47. A method of printing an image comprising the steps of; providing an ink receptive media comprising a substrate and a coating including a plurality of organic particles overlaying at least a portion of the substrate; and applying an ink to the coating of the ink receptive media.

48. The method of claim 47, wherein the step of applying the ink to the coating includes dispensing the ink from an inkjet printer.

49. The method of claim 47, wherein the ink is an aqueous ink.